

Impact of psychosocial risk and mother-baby interaction in the school period: a ten year follow-up

María Amparo Ferreros V¹, Paloma San Román Villalón², José L. Pedreira Massa³

ABSTRACT

There are few investigations on the epidemiology of early developmental risks, and even fewer longitudinal investigations on risk factors and their impact on subsequent individual development. The aim of this study is to evaluate whether there is a relationship between psychosocial risk and dysfunction in mother-baby interaction during the first year of life, and the appearance of cognitive, behavioural, psychosomatic and/or emotional disorders during the school period. KEY WORDS: longitudinal study, psychosocial risk, school age.

1. Psychiatrist, Psychiatry Department "Hospital Dr. Peset" (Valencia). 2. Psychiatrist, "Complejo Hospitalario Universitario de Albacete" (Albacete). 3. Child Psychiatrist, "Hospital Infantil Universitario del Niño Jesús" (Madrid). Correspondence: ampferreros@hotmail.com

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A trial on prevention/minimization of the disorganization of attachment in "Paris and suburbs"

Susana Tereno¹, Antoine Guedeney², Nicole Guedeney³ and Andrée Sodjinou⁴

ABSTRACT

Attachment is considered an essential component of social and emotional development in early life, and individual differences in the quality of attachment relationships are regarded as important early indicators for infant mental health. In this article we explore the relevance of the early prevention work as a strategic attachment intervention. The prevention program CAPEDP-Attachment, developed in "Paris and suburbs" is presented here. We conclude with a clinical discussion of a strange situation video of a disorganized attachment enfant, to illustrate the relevance of the video feedback therapy in the context of early home intervention. KEY WORDS: attachment, disorganization, prevention, home, video-feedback therapy.

1. PhD. Hôpital Bichat Claude Bernard AHP. Institute of Psychology, University Paris Descartes. Psychopathology and Health Processes Lab, EA 4057. 2. MD* (contact author). Professor of Child & Adolescent psychiatry, Hôpital Claude Bernard, AHP, Paris. University Denis Diderot Paris VII. Unité Inserm Psigiam, U 669. 3. MD, PhD Sci. Institut Mutualiste Monsouris, Paris. 4. Psychologue, École des Psychologues Praticiens, Paris. Correspondencia: antoine.guedeney@bch.aphp.fr

Parenting and work: how to approach a necessary reconciliation? Psychosocial reflections (Part 1)

Jorge L. Tizón*

ABSTRACT

Many of the interventions made by public institutions in recent decades concerning the balancing of family and social life have paid scant attention to the psychological data available, at least from the field of developmental psychology. When data has been considered, it has often been so only partially. Interventions have frequently been guided by ideological beliefs, not verifiable or testable, if not corporate, and poorly matched with new scientific discoveries. The first part of this paper presents a series of social and psychological arguments for and against early schooling. Several international proposals and practices in this ambit are reviewed. **KEY WORDS:** conciliation, conciliation between work and family work job, working mothers, working parents, early separations, maternity leave, paternity leave, ideology.

Psychiatrist, Neurologist, Psychoanalyst (SEP-IPA). Correspondence: jtizong@gmail.com

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Sensory experience, creativity and unmentalizing: technical problems

Jaume Aguilar i Matas*

ABSTRACT

This paper examines the relationship between sensorial life and creativity. It begins by analyzing the testimony of classical and modern music composers. Sensory experience and its creative integration is also looked upon in clinical case material. The second part of this paper considers self-sensoriality as a major obstacle towards metallization of psychological experience. Several technical aspects related to the therapeutic approach with patients that are isolated or have an autistic problematic are finally discussed. **KEY WORDS:** sensory experience, creativity, metallization, autism.

** Psychiatrist, Psychoanalyst (SEP-IPA). Correspondence: 5010jam@comb.cat*

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Innovations in the clinical practice and psychopathology of adolescence

Philippe Jeammet*

ABSTRACT

The present increase of borderline states, narcissistic pathologies and conduct disorders during adolescence does not reflect profound structural changes of their psychic organization as much as it does new forms of expression of these. These new forms of expression are somewhat different from those of the past, and are in coherence with social evolution and adult behaviours. From a psychopathological point of view we can, therefore, consider the array of adolescent disorders as an adjustment to dependency. This perspective is definitely not exclusive, nor does it

invalidate other psychopathological approaches. KEY WORDS: adolescence, emotional dependency, pathology, conducts disorders.

* *Psychiatrist. Correspondence: philippe.jeammet124@orange.fr*

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Descriptive study of substance consumption in adolescents from San Luis (Argentina)

Marina B. Fantin¹, Claribel Morales de Barbenza¹ and Horacio D. García²

ABSTRACT

This paper studies substance consumption in adolescents. For this purpose, two psychological instruments were applied: The Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test (WHO, 1993) and the Drug Dependency Identification Questionnaire (Fantin, 2004). The sample was formed by 1.143 adolescents, of both sexes, between 14 and 19 years of age. The results showed that 69.3% of the interviewed adolescents consumed alcohol, and 58% had consumed some type of addictive substance. Alcohol was the main substance of choice, followed, in order, by tobacco, medication and marihuana. Alcohol consumption percentages were similar for both sexes; however, male adolescents had higher scores in risk or harmful consumption. Women consumed higher levels of tobacco and medication compared to men, whereas men doubled marihuana consumption compared to women. Alcohol, tobacco and marihuana consumption increase with age. KEY WORDS: adolescents, substance consumption, sex differences.

1. *Doctor of Psychology. 2. Psychologist. Correspondence: mbfantin@unsl.edu.ar*

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A pilot study of the therapeutic process in a parents' group in a parallel group approach

María Isabel Fontao^{1,2,A}, Alejandra Taborda^{1,3,B}, Elena Toranzo^{1,4,B}, Erhard Mergenthaler^{5,6,C} and Thomas Ross^{1,2,A}

ABSTRACT

This exploratory study forms part of a clinical research programme on the therapeutic approach with parent and children parallel groups. The material subject to research consisted in the verbatim accounts of session number 7 and 3, which obtained the highest and lowest scores in the "focus" and "group interaction" variables, respectively. Verbatim protocols were analysed by means of computerized text analysis using CM software and the Subscale of Group Experiences of the Kiel Group Psychotherapy Process Scale (KGPPS). Our study sustains that collaboration between psychotherapists and researchers benefits both clinical practice as well as research. KEY WORDS: parallel groups with parents and children, therapeutic process, therapeutic cycle model, group therapeutic factors.

1. *Psychologist. 2. Doctor of Human Biology. 3. Doctor of Psychology. 4. Magister in Psychoanalytic psychotherapy. 5. Electronic Engineer. 6. Doctor of Natural Sciences. A. Hospital of Psychiatry Reichenau, Germany. B. National University of "San Luis", Argentina. C. Consulter of Psychology and Psychotherapy, Ulm, Germany.*
Correspondence: maria.fontao@daad-alumni.de

On the demand of a child to assisted reproductive techniques: emotional aspects at stake

Regina Bayo-Borràs*

ABSTRACT

This paper suggests the convenience of providing psychological support to people who are undergoing processes of assisted reproduction (ART), in order to relieve the emotional pressures they are submitted to. This, however, should not be the sole objective. Sometimes, especially after repeated failures in achieving pregnancy, it can be harmful to try and persist with these techno-reproductive process. Patients should be offered careful listening, prioritizing the specific characteristics of their subjectivity as a means of protecting them from narcissistic crises or other extreme situations. KEY WORDS: assisted reproduction, infertility, child demand, narcissistic crisis.

* *Clinical psychologist, psychoanalyst. Correspondence: reginabayo@gmail.com*

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Family group (external/internal) and ethics

Carlos Tabbia*

ABSTRACT

The infant's capacity to develop his or her ego depends on the intermediary function of the family; this function is an essential condition if the subject is to possess ethical qualities and become a person. However, the function of the external family has to end at some time. The possibility of becoming independent from one's own family depends on the construction of an internal family and the identification with its functions. "Respect" and "violence" can be regarded as two poles that reflect the success or failure of these identifications. KEY WORDS: family, values, respect, violence, upbringing, combined object.

* *Psychologist, psychoanalyst. Correspondence: tabbiadespacho@hotmail.com*

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Conduct disorders in children and adolescents. Clinical, social and school interventions and improvement proposals

Jorge Aguado¹, Pilar Gil², Adela Masana², Antoni Valero¹, Rosa Alvira³, Olga, Griñó¹,
M^a Teresa Pérez V⁴, Jana Ibáñez⁵, María Sánchez⁵, Jordi Arrufat¹ Joan Torralba⁶,
Dolors Alet⁷ Esther Ferré⁷, Josep M^a Ferrán⁷, Assumpció Canela⁷, Àngel Zàforas⁶,
Pilar Casaus²

ABSTRACT

Problematic behaviour generates a strong demand for attention by child and juvenile mental health services. This paper presents the results obtained by a multidisciplinary work group created with two objectives: to discuss current clinical, social and school approaches in Tarragona concerning conduct disorders in childhood and adolescence, and to agree on proposals for future interventions so as to improve

clinical evolution, prognosis and psychosocial adoptions. KEY WORDS: infant and juvenile behaviour disorders, multidisciplinary work group, current approach, future proposals.

1. *Clinical psychologist*; 2. *Psychiatrist*; 3. *Neurologist*; 4. *Paediatrician*. 5. *Social Educator*; 6. *Social Educator and pedagogue*; 7. *Psycho pedagogue*.
Correspondence: csmjtgna@peremata.com